Università
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# Lunedì $\mathbf{1 7}$ febbraio $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ alle ore 15:00 presso l'aula G 

il Prof. Carlo S. Casari<br>Micro- and Nanostructured Materials Laboratory (NanoLab) Department of Energy, Politecnico di Milano via Ponzio 34/3, 20133 Milano<br>\section*{terrà il seminario dal titolo:}

# Carbon atomic wires: from carbyne to 2D structures beyond graphene 



## erc EspLORE

In the last 30 years the discovery and advent of carbon nanostructures such as fullerenes, nanotubes and graphene have pushed further the fundamental science of carbon and have opened new opp ortunities of nanotechnology applications. These achievements have nurtured the interest for searching novel carbon nanosystems, such as carbon-atom wires as linear structures with $s p$ hybridization [1]. Carbon-atom wires as the ultimate 1-D carbon system are interesting for fundamental open questions in physics, chemistry, and have a largely unexplored potential for materials science and engineering. In fact, theoretical calculations have outlined outstanding mechanical, thermal and electronic properties which can be tuned by controlling the wire length and the terminating functional group.

Here we present the synthesis and characterization of isolated carbon-atom wires as well as $s p-s p^{2}$ hybrids with particular attention to vibrational spectroscopy (Raman and surface enhanced Raman scattering - SERS) to provide insight on the structure and electronic properties of these systems. Structure-property relationship is discussed for different systems experimentally available [2,3]. Vibrational properties are also predicted to give marker bands in the Raman spectra of 2D $s p-s p^{2}$ nanoribbons [4].


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[^0]:    [1] C.S. Casari, M. Tommasini, R.R. Tykwinski, A. Milani Nanoscale 8, 4414 (2016)
    [2] A. Milani et al. Scientific Reports 9,1648 (2019)
    [3] A. Rabia et al. Nanoscale 11, 18191 (2019)
    [4] P. Serafini et al. Phys. Rev. Materials 4, 014001 (2020)

